

DEFINE-CLIMATE

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www.define-model.org

1. Brief description

DEFINE-CLIMATE is a simplified module of DEFINE, which shows how climate change is affected by economic activity. In this module higher economic growth leads to the generation of higher carbon emissions (for a given level of energy intensity, carbon intensity, sequestration rate and share of non-fossil energy). These carbon emissions affect cumulative carbon emissions which in turn increase atmospheric temperature.

2. Module equations

$$\text{Output: } Y_t = Y_{t-1}(1 + g_Y) \quad (1)$$

$$\text{Total energy: } E_t = \varepsilon Y_t \quad (2)$$

$$\text{Fossil energy: } E_{Ft} = (1 - \theta) E_t \quad (3)$$

$$\text{Industrial CO}_2 \text{ emissions: } EMIS_{INt} = \omega(1 - seq) E_{Ft} \quad (4)$$

$$\text{Land-use CO}_2 \text{ emissions: } EMIS_{Lt} = EMIS_{Lt-1}(1 - g_{EMISL}) \quad (5)$$

$$\text{Growth rate of land-use CO}_2 \text{ emissions: } g_{EMISL} = g_{EMISL-1}(1 - \zeta_9) \quad (6)$$

$$\text{Total emissions: } EMIS_t = EMIS_{INt} + EMIS_{Lt} \quad (7)$$

$$\text{Cumulative CO}_2 \text{ emissions: } CO2_{CUMt} = CO2_{CUMt-1} + EMIS_t \quad (8)$$

$$\text{Atmospheric temperature: } T_{ATt} = T_{ATt-1} + t_1(t_2 \phi CO2_{CUM-1} - T_{ATt-1}) \quad (9)$$

3. Symbols and values

Symbol	Description	Value/calculation
Parameters		
g_Y	Growth rate of GDP	0.029
ϵ	Energy intensity, i.e. energy use per unit of GDP (EJ/trillion US\$)	Calculated from equation (2)
θ	Share of non-fossil energy in total energy	0.15
ω	CO ₂ intensity, i.e. CO ₂ emissions per unit of non-renewable energy use (Gt/EJ)	Calculated from equation (4)
seq	Proportion of carbon that is sequestered	0.002186
ζ_g	Rate of decline of the growth rate of $EMIS_L$	0.0140
t_1	Coefficient capturing the timescale of the initial adjustment of the climate system to an increase in cumulative emissions	0.5
t_2	Coefficient that captures the global warming that stems from non-CO ₂ greenhouse gas	1.1
φ	Transient Climate Response to cumulative carbon Emissions (TCRE) (°C/GtCO ₂)	0.0005
Endogenous variables		
Y	Output (trillion US\$)	85.9
E	Energy used for the production of output (EJ)	590.0
E_F	Energy produced from fossil sources (EJ)	Calculated from equation (3)
$EMIS_{IN}$	Industrial CO ₂ emissions (GtCO ₂)	36.6
$EMIS_L$	Land-use CO ₂ emissions (GtCO ₂)	5.5
g_{EMISL}	Growth rate of land emissions	0.016
$EMIS$	Total CO ₂ emissions (GtCO ₂)	Calculated from equation (7)
$CO2_{CUM}$	Cumulative CO ₂ emissions (GtCO ₂)	2210
T_{AT}	Atmospheric temperature over pre-industrial levels (°C)	1.14